

THE CHRONICLE

Provincial Library
Edmonton

VOL. XI. NO. 34.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 6th, 1918.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

WM. LAUT

NOTICE

CAR PRICES

Next Week is FRUIT WEEK

AT

LAUT'S

Phone us for Prices and date of Arrival.

William Laut,

GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
IMPLEMENTS, HARNESS.

J. A. VALIQUETTE, LL.B.,
BARRISTER-SOLICITOR-NOTARY
Room 3 Alberta Hotel, Crossfield
every Saturday, from
2-30 p.m. to 8 p.m.
Calgary Office: 810a First Street West.
Phone W1407.
Money to Loan.

Local and General

Quite a frost on Tuesday morning hit the potatoes severe.

Miss Alpha Halliday left town on Monday for Edmonton, to spend a vacation in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. W. McRory spent a couple of days the fore part of the week in Calgary.

Private Sydal, late of the local bank, spent last week end in town renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Morrow were visitors to the city on Tuesday last.

Mr. Colin Wigle arrived in town on Tuesday to overlook his interests in his farm here

Red the barber is holidaying, and a barber from Calgary is running the business in his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Merrick Thomas visited Calgary on Monday last and took in the photo play "To Hell with the Kaiser."

See Dr. M. Meeklenburg, the Eye Sight Expert, about your eyes, will again be at the Hotel, Crossfield, on Tuesday, October 29th.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.

15th Sunday after Trinity,
Sept. 8th.

10 a.m. Sunday School.
11 a.m. Morning Prayer, and
Holy Communion.

Mrs. R. Tweedie, of town went to Calgary last week to be medically examined, she was admitted to the Holy Cross Hospital and operated upon on Wednesday morning. We hear she is going on as satisfactorily as can be expected.

Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Macnabe, of Calgary, Mr. and Mrs. Dougan and Col. Carlisle spent Sunday with Mr. Mrs. Wicks.

The local school opened Monday week with the staff of three teachers, Miss Ontkes in the Primary, Miss E. Oneil in the Intermediate and Miss Moore, Principal, taking the upper grades. Scholars enrolled: Primary 29, Intermediate 21, Upper room 10, total 60.

We are pleased to note that the local Boy Scouts organization is now being reorganized. The Rev. R. K. Swenerton is taking charge of the boys.

Loyd McRory returned to Calgary on Tuesday last after spending six days leave of absence at home.

A good number of sportsmen left town early on Tuesday morning in search of the feathered tribe. Some good bags were reported.

The Women's Institute will meet on Saturday, Sept. 7th, in the I.O.O.F. Hall, at 2-30 p.m. There will be a discussion on pecking boxes for the soldiers, and canning with glycerine as a substitute for sugar. There will also be a paper on the "Extermination of Flies." A musical programme and distribution of literature of war recipes.

A Karn Organ for Sale, in good order. Will sell cheap. Apply C. Wicks. Box 76.

The CROSSFIELD CASH STORE

Where Cash Buying and Cash Selling gives you

The following everyday Prices:—

Royal Yeast Cakes, New Pkgs.	-	5c each
"Ideal" Black Tea	-	50c lb.
Sealer Rings, 2 dozen for	-	15c
Canned Peas, 1st Grade, 5 for	-	\$1.00
„ Tomatoes (Gold Medal), 12 for	-	2.75
McDonald Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, 7 Plugs for	-	1.00
Men's Fine & Heavy Work Shirts	-	\$1.25 & \$1.50
Men's Overalls	-	\$2.00 & 2.25

GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER

Phone 33.

Food Control License No. 8-1183

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

C. C. SMART, Proprietor.

Agent for CHEVROLET CARS.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.

All Kinds of Ford Repairs in Stock. Tires & Accessories.

Rebuilders of Stationary, Traction, Gasoline or Steam

Engines and Separators.

Manufacturer of Coulter Patent Clothes Reels.

Farm and Ranch

LAND LISTINGS WANTED

For Sale or to Lease,

From a Quarter Section to One or more Sections.

A. W. GORDON,

AGENT FOR

FARM & RANCH LANDS

INSURANCE of all Kinds,

Money to Loan on Improved Farm Land

J. I. CASE T.M. Co.

PHONE 34.

P.O. Box. 44.

Crossfield CASH MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Cured Meats and Fish always on hand

Good Variety of Smoked Meats at the Lowest possible Prices.

We are always open to buy Beef Cattle or Stockers. If you have anything to sell call and see us. Best prices paid.

Phone 24. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Poultry.

TIMS & CUMING, Props.

Second to None

GALT COAL

SOLD BY

ATLAS LUMBER CO., LTD.,

CROSSFIELD. J. S. JOSE, Local Manager.

WE ARE OPEN TO EXECUTE

Orders for PRINTING

At Moderate Prices

Call at THE CHRONICLE Office.



What Will You Do For Help?

FARM help is scarce, but this condition can be relieved to a marked degree by using machines that accomplish more work in a given time with less man power.

Why should the farmer cling to horses—a slow, expensive means of power—when every other business is adopting the truck and thereby reducing the cost of hauling, speeding up deliveries, and saving for human needs the food that the horses would otherwise consume?

The motor driven truck can work constantly at maximum load under the burning summer sun, or in the coldest weather. Unlike the horse it needs no rests while working, it eats only while in actual use, and when the day's work is done it requires very little attention, and leaves you free for other "Chores" about the place. Then, it can be housed in one-quarter the space of the horses, wagon and harness it replaces.

It is a mistaken idea that a truck is useful only for driving upon paved roads. The Ford can be driven all over the farm, and used for hauling grain, potatoes, fruit, roots, fertilizer, wood, stock, milk or any other product. The speed it travels, the time it saves, and its low upkeep cost appeal very strongly to all users of the Ford Truck. If you need help, order your Ford One Ton Truck today.

All prices subject to war tax charges, except trucks and chassis

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

One-Ton Truck \$750
Runabout - - - 660
Touring - - - 690
Coupe - - - 875
Sedan - - - 1,075
Chassis - - - 625
F. O. B. Ford, Ont.

LESLIE FARR,
DEALER,
AIRDRIE, Alta.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Council Chamber over Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month, commencing with February at the hour of 8:30 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.

51-82- W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

Impounded

Notice is Hereby Given that a Dun Gelling, weight about 10 lbs. Branding, on left thigh. Was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on May 10th, 1918, Sec. 28, T. 28, R. 28.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of May, 1918.

D. BILLS.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$5.00 per acre.

Duties.—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 80 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$200.00.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, stony or scrubby land. Live stock may be maintained for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. COBY, C.M.G.,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for

FOR SALE

Two Good Pure Bred Hereford BULLS at a reasonable price.

They are the kind that will get you the big steers.

GEORGE G. HUSER,
Fairview Farms.

Strayed.

A reward is offered for recovery of 7 head of horses branded (acorn) on right hip, 2 black mares, 1 light bay mare, 1 bay saddle horse, and 2 young bays. Write Wm. H. Davies or phone F. F. Moyle, Didsbury.



ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

Advertise in the

"Chronicle"

It will Pay You.

Tenders Wanted

Sealed Tenders for Grading and Railing on Hall's Culee Hill will be received by the undersigned until Six o'clock p.m., on Thursday, September 12th, 1918.

The lowest or any other tender not necessarily accepted.

For further particulars apply to

W. McRORY,
Sec.-Treas. M.D. of Rosebud 280.

We are open

to execute

Your orders

For Printing

of any description

Before sending

out of town

Call at the

Chronicle Office.

Local and General

Private McRory took advantage of his six days leave of absence to move his tin-smithing implements from the building occupied for that business. We hear D. Ontkes intends to fit it up as his office.

We always like to hear of the advancement of our young men. E. S. McRory has certainly made good since he joined the U.G.G., and now after two or three advances has been appointed to the position of assistant manager of that growing business.

BIRTH.—To Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wylie, on the 29th August, at Tany-Bryn, a son.

WEDDING

HARRISON—DIBB

A quiet wedding took place on Tuesday at Mount Royal College, Calgary, when Rev. G. W. Kirby, united in marriage William Harrison of Calgary and Eliza Jane Dibb, widow of the late David Dibb, formerly of Crossfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison will reside in Calgary for the present.

German Experts Trying to

Explain Allied Successes

German war experts are hopelessly at odds in trying to explain the present situation on the western front. Twice each day General Ludendorff's communiques announce "victorious repulses," but a glance at the map shows each successive location mentioned as the scene of fighting lies a few miles eastward.

This, says the Hamburg Nachrichten's military expert darkly, is "a bad sign for the enemy, because it shows that his attempts to pierce the German front have failed and that he seeks to substitute width for depth." He further argues that "the earlier German thrust towards Amiens forestalled the enemy, and now, even if the Germans are losing ground, it is no absolute gain for the enemy, but merely the recovery of earlier losses."

SCHEME GONE WRONG

These sophistries are not wholly shared by the Kreuz Zeitung's critic, who frankly admits that it is the German scheme that has gone wrong inasmuch as "the enemy has successfully evaded battle on both sides of Rheine and therefore the German plan to tie up and split the enemy reserves has failed." He says incidentally that American aid "has happened to flow somewhat freer than anticipated, and Marshal Foch is thereby able to deliver his blow."

It is no longer a fight for lines, but for deep zones, this critic says, and the task of the German army is to destroy the enemy's forces within these zones. He insists the strategic success will be denied Marshal Foch because the preliminary conditions for success are lacking, but the battle, he thinks, will continue for a long time.

POOR DELUDED AMERICANS

The German Tages Zeitung's writer follows another line of thought and believes that "the next few days must show that Marshal Foch needs breathing space, as strategically he has already lost the battle and the enemy's losses are enormous."

Herr Schuermann, writing for the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, cryptically explains why the Franco-British gain of territory is really a loss and shakes his head over "the poor deluded Americans, who in their pride came over to dictate peace in a few weeks and now, instead of a brief adventure, find themselves involved in battles which will be hard and long."

The Rhenish Westphalian Gazette's correspondent, Baron von der Osten, fills a column "with justifiable hope" that the German army will be unbeatable, although he is not very comfortable about it, for he says "the battle is very hard and the enemy's superiority in men and material is very great."

Must Have Nerve

The orders that the "chasing pilots" attached to the aviation corps of the British forces at the front have to undergo before they are considered as proficient in their perilous work are sufficiently trying to test the nerve of the bravest flyer. As an army correspondent of the Philadelphia Public Ledger puts it, the candidate who passes the required course of aerial gymnastics must either be all nerve or possessed of no nerves at all.

At this school, he says, you will see an airplane, thousands of feet aloft, suddenly fling its nose up and begin to climb vertically as if the pilot intended to loop the loop. Suddenly it pauses, and remains for perhaps a full minute poised perpendicularly on its tail. Then, with the engine switched off, it falls helplessly, tail first, spinning giddily round and round in a way that resembles the helpless flutter of a falling leaf. Then suddenly the engine roars again, the twisting fluttering dead thing becomes instinct with life, rights itself majestically on flashing pinions, swoops down in swift and headlong course, mounts the wind and soars up and up, as light and gracefully as any bird.

Other nerve-shattering things they do, flustered young demigods of the air—feats that seem nothing short of miracles to the earth-bound ones who stand gazing upward in awe.

PUBLIC NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that the Tax Enforcement Notice of the Village of Crossfield, was confirmed in respect of the herein described lands at the Court of Confirmation held at Crossfield on the 30th day of October, 1917, and unless such lands are redeemed on or before the 5th day of October, 1918, the same will be absolutely forfeited for non-payment of Taxes.

Dated this Second day of September, 1918.

W. McRORY,
Secretary-Treasurer of the Village of Crossfield.

Lots	Block	Plan No.
20	1	45041
23	2	"
6	3	"
9	2	"
10	3	"
4	14	372R
3	4	45041
8 & 9	4	"
10	4	"
11 & 12	4	"
15	4	"
1 & 2	5	"
17	5	"
18 & 19	5	"
3	6	"
11 & 12 & 13	6	"
19	23	1632R
1	24	"
2	24	"
3	24	"

Estray

On the premises of Mrs. J. Robertson known as the A.C. Ranch, Twp. 28, Rng. 2, Sec. 14, one Roan Steer, three years old. Branded NO on left ribs.

Mrs. M. M. Robertson.

\$10.00 REWARD for information of four horses, one Bay Mare. Branded as cut on right thigh; forehead clipped. Three yearlings, no brand. Black Filly; Two Horse Colts, bay with white face and a black. Phone 808.

M. Engstrom, Airdrie.

WE OFFER

CITY OF CALGARY

Ten year Gold Debentures in denominations of \$500.00 and \$1000.00.

Interest payable on first of June and December at par and interest

YIELDING SEVEN PER CENT PER ANNUM

An exceptionally high rate of interest combined with absolute security.

SEND YOUR ORDER TO

THE TRUSTS & GUARANTEE COY., LTD.,

Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Etc.

CALGARY,

Alberta.

COLDS, CATARRH RELIEVED IN FIVE MINUTES

Consumption can be traced back in most instances to a bad cold or catarrh that was neglected. Don't court this white plague—ensure yourself at once against it by inhaling Catarrhizone, a pleasant antiseptic medication that is inhaled into the lungs, nasal passages, throat, and bronchial tubes, where it kills disease germs and prevents their development. Catarrhizone heals inflamed surfaces, relieves congestion, clears the head and throat, aids expectation, and absolutely cures Catarrh and Bronchitis. Quick relief, cure guaranteed. Pleasant to use. Get the \$1.00 outfit of Catarrhizone, it lasts two months, small size 50c. All dealers or the Catarrhizone Co., Kingston, Ont., Canada.

Carmen's Messenger

—BY—
HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"What is Miss Austin like?" she asked.
Foster was careful about his reply. He wanted Alice to understand that he was not Carmen's lover, was needed fact; but he was her friend and must do her justice, while any breath of good taste would be noted and condoned by his companion. He did his best, without learning if he had produced the right effect or not, for Alice let him drop it.
"It is no longer interested her."

"Perhaps it's a pity you helped the men who were poisoning," she said.
"I'm afraid you're fond of romantic adventures."

"I'm sometimes rash and sorry afterwards," Foster admitted. "However, there's an excuse for the other thing. This is a romantic country and I've spent a long time in Canada, which is altogether businesslike."

Alice gave him an approving smile, but she said, "One shouldn't be sorry afterwards. Isn't that rather weak?"

"I'm human," Foster rejoined. "A thing looks different when you come to pay for doing it. It's pretty hard not to feel sorry then."

"After all, that may be better than counting the cost of starvation and leaving the thing undone."

"You're a Borderer; one of the headstrong, old-fashioned kind who brooks the invasions from the westward, denied their own rules for a whim."

"As a matter of fact, a number of them were very unusual. They fought for their enemies' cattle and the ransom of captured knights."

"Not always," Foster objected. "At Flodden, where the Estrick spears all fell in the smashed squares, the Scots king came down from his strong camp to meet the English on equal terms. Thence wasn't business-like when Buccleuch and his handful of men, carried off Kimmont Willie from Carlisle. There was peace and he had two offended sovereigns to hold him accountable."

"It looks as if you had been reading something about our history," Alice said smiling.

"I haven't read much," Foster answered modestly. "I've had a few books at the mill, and in the long winter evenings, when the thermometer marks forty degrees below and you sit close to the red-hot stove, there's nothing to do but read. It would be hard for you to picture our little room, the match-boarded, split by the changes from heat to bitter cold, the smell of hot from the dead silence and the grim white desolation outside. Perhaps it's curious, but after working hard all day, earning dollars, one can't read rubbish. One wants romance, but romance that's real and has the truth in it."

"But your own life has been full of adventure."

"In a way, but there was always a business proposition to justify the risk," Foster rejoined. "It's good to be reckless now and then, and I've often as I read about you, that I envied them. There must have been some charm in riding about the moors with one's glove on one's steel cap, ready to follow where adventure called."

"So far as we know," said Alice, "it was the custom to honor our lady, always. The Border chiefs were rude, but they had their virtues, and there are some pretty stories of their constancy."

Foster imagined he saw faint sparkle in her eyes. He would have liked to think she resented his having gone to Newcastle on Carmen's behalf, but doubted this. After a pause she resumed:

"People say we are decadent and getting slack with luxury, but one likes to think the spirit of the race survives all changed conditions and can't be destroyed. There is a colliery not very far off where the water broke in some years ago. The men in the deep workings were cut off, but the few who escaped went back into the pit—and never came up. They knew the thing was impossible, their leaders frankly told them so, but they would not be deterred. Well, the colliery was not reopened, the shaft-head towers are falling down, but there's a granite fountain on the moor that will stand for ages to record the splendid sacrifice."

"They had all to lose," said Foster. "One must admire, without hoping to emulate, a deed like that."

"I'm afraid the shibboleth came abruptly. 'What you have told me is puzzling. I can't see why the police followed you and I can't see something mysterious about the packet. It all seems to have some connection with Lawrence's case, and yet I can't see how. Suppose you have no explanation?'"

"Not yet. I feel there's something going on in which I may be and by take a part. The clues break off, but I am one that's stronger, and then—"

He stopped, but Alice gave him an understanding glance. Then you would follow the clue, even if it led you into some danger, for Lawrence's sake?"

"I'd try," said Foster with a flush that gave him a curiously ingenious look. "As I've no particular talent for that kind of thing, I might do much good, but you have accused me of being romantic and I've owned it."

Alice smiled. "You're certainly modest; but there's a rashness that is much the same as recklessness. Then Featherstone came in and after a time took Foster to the library, where he gave him a cigarette."

"It's strange we haven't heard from Lawrence yet," he said in a disquieting voice. "He said in the Canadian post office his new address, because here's a letter they have sent him."

"From Hulton, who seems to be in Toronto," said Foster, picking up the envelope. "As I'm a writer, I'll open it."

He did so and gave Featherstone the letter, which required no introduction. "He can't supply some lumber the company needed."

"I'm sorry we can't do the work, because we won't be back in time. It's much the same, an interesting work, the stuff in the way Hulton wants."

"He seems to leave a good deal to the imagination, but I do not doubt about your sending him the right material," Featherstone remarked.

"I've done my best," Foster agreed. "Hulton soon got into the way of sending for Lawrence when he was about to leave. He had to be carefully sworn. In fact, he treats him as a kind of consulting specialist, and I imagine likes him personally."

He was silent for the next minute or two. Featherstone's remark had shown him more clearly than he had hitherto realized how high Lawrence stood in the manufacturer's esteem.

No other outsider was treated with such confidence by the powerful company, when he told Featherstone about his journey, and the latter said:

"I have heard nothing from Daly, but soon after you left, a gentleman from Edinburgh came here to inquire about you."

"Ah!" said Foster sharply. "I suppose he was sent by the police and imagine I met him at my hotel. His name was Gordon; I thought it curious that he gave me his card."

"That was the name. He asked if I knew you and I said I."

(To Be Continued.)

SMOKE SACRETS

What Women Want to Know

Some Queries and Answers Regarding Conservation of Food

Lillian. No doubt it does become tiresome, when you hear of those nurses winning the Royal Red Cross and earning all the glory of overseas service, to reflect on what you call your "humble drudgery." But as a matter of fact, if every woman who on the farm will try to stir up just what she has been doing, to a larger extent and in a better way, she will be rendering her greatest war service.

To cook food and wash dishes for farm workers this year is nothing if not helpful. Young women now on farms can easily expand their activities. The girl who will learn how to hitch up and drive a horse can also only save her father or other man worker from leaving field work to the hired hand, who may also ride the hay rake or horse drawn cultivator in an emergency.

A large proportion of our butter is already made on our farms. This butter production can be improved in quality and quantity by farm women who are willing to give it careful attention. No food need today is more vital than that of fats and the woman on the farm has it in her power to make a tremendous contribution to the existing meagre supply. She can help materially by making more cheese too. So that there really is a very great deal you can do, right where you are. Lillian. Indeed, city girls are getting so envious of the girls on the farms that they are taking farinette classes and making tracks for the hayfield and the berry patch.

Bread-Maker. You can get just the information you want on bread-making and the use of substitutes by writing to the Canada food board for the new bread-making booklet (five cents) which they have issued. At the same time you would be well advised to ask for the recipe book, the canning, drying, and storing of fruit and vegetables and the vegetable recipes. There is a series of four and each is five cents.

Royal Blue. Yes, go ahead and make all the jam you want but use less sugar than you have been doing ever since you learned how to make preserves or any kind of jam. The point is that if large quantities of jam be made this year the demand upon Canada for sugar will be met to a much greater extent than would otherwise be possible. When jam is used butter is not needed with bread.

As the strawberry is one of the first fruits of the season to ripen here, it is an excellent recipe for strawberry jam.

8 lbs. strawberries; 6 lbs. sugar. Mix the strawberries and sugar in a kettle and let them stand over night. In the morning set the kettle over the fire on an asbestos mat, and bring the contents slowly to a boil. Do not stir the fruit any more than is absolutely necessary. Boil gently without stirring until it is sufficiently

thick and then put it away in sterile jars.

New Ontario. You are fortunate to be in the vicinity of such a fine supply of wild berries and have a great many berry picking expeditions this summer. Surely you cannot preserve any fruits with a finer flavor than the wild blueberries and it would seem a pity, at a time when the food shortage is so great, that you should neglect to utilize this supply right at your door. Use all you can of them and try to stir up some interest in your neighborhood in this business of wild berry picking. Here is what you want for the making of old-fashioned blackberry jam: For each pound of blackberries use three-fourths of a pound of brown sugar. Pick over berries and mash them slightly. Add sugar and cook slowly until thick. Seal in jelly glasses. Did you know that brown sugar was every bit as good as white in preserves?

Miss U. A. Here is a table of substitutes for home baking which should prove useful to you.

Quick bread, bun, muffins, pancakes, etc., corn flour, 50 per cent.; barley flour, 50 per cent.; rye flour, 50 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent. Yeast bread, corn flour, 25 per cent.; barley flour, 25 per cent.; rye flour, 75 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent. Scald meals before mixing.

Cake, biscuits, etc., rye flour, 50 per cent.; use less shortening. Muffins, corn flour, 75 per cent.; barley flour, 50 per cent.; rye flour, 50 per cent.; cornmeal, 25 per cent.

Bolsheviki Justice

The Result of Brute Force on the Ignorant Populace

A member of the American military control in Petrograd told me of the following incident as one he had witnessed. A woman dashed into the street after a boy of fifteen. "He's stolen my pocketbook," she cried. A miserably shrieking urchin sped away down the road in front of her. He was caught by a passerby, and a crowd gathered. Blow upon blow fell upon the defenseless child. Childish shrieks of terror filled the air. The woman appalled at what she saw, rushed back to the house. Again she made a desperate search, and suddenly in a dark corner she unearthed the missing pocket book. Again she dashed into the street, waving her property and calling loudly for her make-up. But it was too late; the childish cries were still to be heard. The child's body had just been beaten and the child's face had been bruised. Then the woman came, telling her story. Rage surged in their hearts. Under the car they had been mercilessly beaten and abused. Brute force had been their instructor. They turned on the woman and applied the only method they knew. They beat her to death and dropped her into the canal—Madeline T. Doty, in the July Atlantic.



Better Land for Less Money

Many American Farmers Taking Up Land in Western Canada

"The pressure of population, favoring conditions, and the application of industry, energy and enterprise to those conditions," says the Edmonton Bulletin in an editorial, "have resulted in an enormous increase in the price of farm land in what are called the corn-belt States. As the pressure of population increases, and the price of land rises, it necessarily follows that a proportion of farmers will seek locations elsewhere. This movement has taken very definite shape during the present year, and, as a result, large numbers of farmers who have accumulated big money, either by farming or by the sale of their farms, have come into the wheat-growing areas of the Canadian prairie west to purchase the cheaper land there available. In this way, those portions of the Canadian west, which have been the increased price of the Canadian west, have been a double profit—first, in the amount of cash brought into the Canadian west, and second, in the fact that men of experience and industry—experts in the Canadian west have been added to the population and energy of those sections of our country."

So far, this movement has not been confined to Northern Alberta. The man from Illinois or Iowa who is looking for a location in the Canadian west has to run the gauntlet of all the inducements that can be held out to him in the vast and desirable territory through which he must pass before he reaches Northern Alberta. We are farthest of any part of the Canadian west from the area of dense rural population and high land prices in the United States corn belt. At the same time, it is in Northern Alberta that the farming conditions which have produced the wealth and prosperity of the corn belt can best be repeated. Dairying and cattle feeding are carried on in Northern Alberta under circumstances quite as favorable for money-making as in Illinois and Iowa. As corn is the great feed crop on which the success of dairying and stock raising in the United States is built, so oats are the foundation of Illinois and Iowa; and produces as much feed to the acre, but with much less labor, than does corn.

Jews Train in N. S.

Another company of the Jewish Palestine legion, consisting of 150 men, has left New York for Nova Scotia to complete training before joining the other four contingents now fighting with the British in Palestine. The legionnaires will be instructed in the use of arms by British and Canadian officers.

New Zealand has 4391 registered apiaries, representing more than 50,000 colonies of bees.

"Your lunch will be fresh and tasty at dinner time to-morrow. It is wrapped in Para-Sani."

PARA-SANI WRAPPER

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls, with handsome oak Roller-Box. Para-Sani is cheaper and more convenient than waxed paper in loose sheets and the paper is of better quality.

Keeps in the Moisture, keeps out the Germs

Para-Sani is moisture-proof, air-proof, germ-proof. Sandwiches, cakes, bread, cheese can be kept fresh and wholesome if wrapped in Para-Sani. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price on C.O.D.

4 lb. Roll with Roller Box.....\$2.50

1 lb. Roll without Box.....2.20

4 lb. Roll without Box.....1.60

1 lb. Roll without Box.....1.20

2 lb. Roll without Box......90

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK CO., Ltd.

175 McDermott Ave. E. • WINNIPEG, MAN.

MURRIN'S Granulated Eyelids
For Redness, Itching, and
Swelling of the Eyes
Four Eyes Remedy, Not Eyelid
Remedy. See Remedy for Eyelids
at American Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. AN. U. 2219

BEST ATTAINABLE IMAGE
FROM DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

A Guide To Peace Talk

How Long Is It Going to Be Possible to Deceive the Mass of the German People

There will be peace proposals inspired by Berlin. They will reiterate that the German government has no predatory intentions—wants nothing but an honorable peace on such terms as will guarantee the future security of the empire. Read them with these few plain and simple facts in mind:

The German government could have had an honorable peace on the eastern front, with ample guarantees for the future security of the empire. Russia offered such a peace. Russia was helpless for. By simply reaching out its hand Berlin could have had exactly such a peace with Russia as it sagaciously knew that fully secured its own independence and laid the basis for friendly self-respecting relations between the two nations in the future.

It got Russia into the council chamber by declaring that it intended to make such a peace. Then it stuck a gun against Russia's head and robbed her of all her provinces—knowing well enough that the outrage would provoke Russia's hatred and make her an enemy of her own people. But even more surely than the seizure of Alsace-Lorraine made an enemy of Russia, the seizure of Poland, at least, did not prevent her seizure with a shameless lie. Security, honor, mutual respect, and equality during peace—all these Germany could have had of Russia by simply reaching out its hand to the enemy by whose conquest, dishonor, hatred—the seed of a new war.

When the German government declared that within the year prattles about wishing nothing except its own future security and equality during peace, only a hopeless blockhead could be deceived.

How long, in view of the Russian facts, is it going to be possible to deceive the mass of the German people about the intentions of their government?—Saturday Evening Post.

Couch Grass

Seeds of This Weed Greatly Resemble Those of Western Rye Grass

Prof. S. A. Bedford, chairman Manitoba weeds commission, says: Numerous enquiries are coming to this office regarding the various varieties of couch grass and how best to eradicate them. In Western Canada we have two varieties of couch grass, quack or twitch grass, and both are very injurious to farm crops.

The native variety, western couch, (*agropyron glaucum*) has a decided (grayish-green) color. Although very troublesome when matted in a field, this is not nearly so difficult to eradicate as the imported variety.

The imported variety (*agropyron repens*) has a reddish-brown color. It is shallow, fleshy root-stocks. If allowed to remain for any length of time, these root-stocks form mats which choke out grain or fodder crops. It flowers about the end of June and ripens the following July. Owing to the fact that it is propagated both from seeds and from creeping root-stocks, it is very difficult to eradicate. It is found in possession of a field, once it is firmly established. The seeds of this weed resemble those of the native variety grass and very often it is found mixed with that variety and thus spread over large areas.

Although the two varieties of couch grass differ somewhat in their appearance, the same methods may be used for their eradication. During the month of June the land should be plowed in one direction, say east and west, just sufficiently deep to get below the roots of the plants. Let this plowed land dry, then harrow and cultivate with a narrow-toothed coulter until the land is level. Should any weeds be brought to the surface, let them lie on the surface to die, or better still, rake them off and burn. Then cross plow north and south, using a sharp, rolling coulter, if the sod is badly matted. After the sod is broken out somewhat, the sods are then torn to pieces with a narrow-toothed coulter, spring-toothed harrow, etc., and the roots brought to the surface, to be dried out and possibly burned.

If the season is dry, the sods are one, and it is found impossible to destroy all the root-stocks in one season. Let this plowed land dry, then plow the land again about May 15 of the following year and immediately sow to wheat. This wheat, in three bushels of seed per acre. This heavy seeding will produce such a rank growth of wheat that any remaining couch plants will be smothered out.

Did He Get Her?

He was very much in love, and finally screwed up his courage to the point of proposing to her.

"Darling," he said, "I lay my fortune at your feet."

"Why do you say that?" she asked.

"You had a fortune."

"It isn't much of a fortune," came the cool reply. "But I had some little bits of yours. I would look like a regular Rockefeller humph—"

—Kings News Service.

Alberta's Bacon Production Grows

Will Be 25 Per Cent. Increase This Year, According to Estimates

A 25 per cent. increase in Alberta's bacon production this year is looked for by government live stock officials. Commissioner W. F. Stevens reports that the campaign has shaped up most satisfactorily, and the prospect for more pork and bacon products is regarded as distinctly good. There is a smaller percentage of losses among the young pigs than there has for the last three years, and all the population of native porkers all over the province will be multiplied in about this proportion. When the increased production campaign was started, farmers and stockmen in general have responded to the appeal willingly and adequately and things are running well in pigdom.

From the activities of the government department alone some 3,000 bacon makers will be added to the list this year, according to Mr. Stevens. About 400 breeding sows are being raised by the government agency of the live stock branch, and these will average something over a piglet for each sow. Reports coming in from all sections of the province indicate that the young stock is taking the pig farms very well. It is expected that the supply of bacon overseas, and the proportion of casualties stockmen in general have responded to the appeal willingly and adequately and things are running well in pigdom.

Worth Knowing

Splendid Morals of the Soldiers at the Front

Writing under date of April 8, "Practically all of the troops at the front, now doing Y.M.C.A. welfare work in France, say: 'All the soldiers are here to look into the moral temptations' surrounding our boys. Besides social temptations, a lot of infants or else plain degenerates. I haven't seen a drunken American in all France."

"If only the government would declare an embargo against the numerous advertisements for vice, it would do us a great deal of good. We have the investigators on the drink evil, investigators on the vice question, investigators on the vice question, investigators on the vice question. It seems that they follow who wants to see France tried and destroyed. I am a soldier, I am a soldier, I am a soldier. You should see the soldiers grin when one mentions 'investigation'."

"Really, there is nothing to investigate. Almost every soldier you meet will be a feeling better than ever before; he is too busy to think of meanness during the day. He goes to bed at night, even if he has a permit to leave camp. And, moreover, our American public should be told that the average French soldier is far more carefully watched and guarded than the average American soldier. The camp life is the same, but the man of many a 'sissy' whose parents were making life much too easy for him."

Expecting Peace

German Chancellor Believes Peace Will Come This Year

"I am still optimistic enough to believe we shall have peace this year," said the German chancellor, Count von Hertling, in an interview with the Berlin correspondent of the Budapest newspaper at Kat. "I have a full confidence that future events in the west will bring us nearer a speedy end of the war. If the world should one day unite in an international peace league," added Count von Hertling, "Germany would unhesitatingly and joyfully join it. Unfortunately, present conditions give very little hope for such a desire is to preserve peace."

German Use Dogs as Couriers

I have seen two or three couriers found upon captured German prisoners, and was struck on reading them with the fact that couriers are used in very general use as a means of communication between different battalions and regiments of the army.

To all appearances this particular branch of war service has reached its highest state of development on the other side of No Man's Land. The animals, I understand, are German shepherds—bred well known for its great strength and endurance. Four or five are attached to every battalion, under the care of a specialist officer, and they are exercised every day in the line of carrying communications.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Close Accounting

"You are really in love?"

"Yes," replied the methodical young man.

"And how deep are you in love?"

"Just a moment until I consult my expense account. Ahem! Up to the present moment, I have expended a depth of \$814.73."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

What Supremacy In the Air Means

Where It Becomes Practically Impossible for an Enemy Airplane to Show Itself

Comparisons made by experts between the Germans' Whitsunday raid on London and the British daylight raid on Cologne last night, in the advantage of the British. There are certain characteristics of the raid on Cologne which would make it a precedent, which would make it a precedent, which would make it a precedent.

In view of experts, supremacy in the air should only really claim where the stage is reached where it becomes practically impossible for an enemy airplane to show itself. It is hoped that such a stage will be attainable when America's actual contribution to the allied air forces becomes commensurate with its program.

Meanwhile the British royal air force is well satisfied to have established the present measure of relative superiority. Incidentally, it may be mentioned that while examination of the Gotha engines elicits a meed of praise, the examination of the German planes which suggest to experts here that the material is not inexhaustible.—Cable Despatch to the New York Times.

Keeping the Weeds Down

Manitoba's Fight Against Noxious Weeds Gaining Ground

Has Manitoba really checked the spread of noxious weeds within its boundaries?

Those connected with the noxious weeds commission are confident that this result has been achieved, and that Manitoba has secured the turning point in the noxious weed plague, and from this time on there will be a gradual elimination from the province of the thistle and other weeds that have laid waste thousands of acres of land and caused a great deal of trouble after years, thousands of acres of crop.

Their optimism is based on reports received from inspectors' arrival from their own inspectors, and from inspectors who are attached to land companies and farmers that the United States owning many acres in this province.

It is also a fact that a great improvement is to be seen, especially in the Red River valley. This has been brought about by the vigorous and judicious enforcement during the past three years of the Manitoba weeds act, and the fact that the knowledge are unanimous in the opinion that at last the government has adopted the best methods of teaching and assisting those whose farms are affected, the best methods of cultivation to kill the weeds.

There are 110 rural municipalities in Manitoba, and there are 133 weed inspectors working in the time from May 15 to October 15, each year. Their duties are to inspect each and every acre of land, and to instruct the farmers on what is required by the weeds act, to teach them the value of the weeds act, and to pay particular attention to the weeds act, to pay particular attention to the weeds act, to pay particular attention to the weeds act.

It has been found that practically not a municipality in the province is entirely free from noxious weeds, and many farms have been found to contain small patches of noxious weeds when the farmer was not aware that such existed. Prompt measures have been taken in every such case to eradicate those weeds, and the work was light as compared to what would have been the case if a year or two had the weed been allowed to spread.

The work is only well under way," said a member of the weeds commission. "We are satisfied that the weeds act is doing its work, and we know that we are getting results. There is much to be done, and there are many years of strenuous work ahead before we can feel that we have finally conquered this epidemic. But we are making progress. Yes, there are still lots of weeds and thousands of acres lying idle on the prairie, but today there are more clean fields to be seen than during the past 15 years."

As an instance of the increased value of land after it has been cleaned from noxious weeds, Mr. Walton gave the following facts: A well-known Winnipeg man bought 60 acres in 1915, just 22 miles south-west of Winnipeg. This land was very dirty with noxious weeds, and he secured it at the small fee of \$15.50 per acre. The year following, 550 acres at a cost of \$7.62 per acre, and had the work done as recommended by the weeds act, he would have secured the land practically cleaned of weeds at \$50 per acre.

Mr. Walton gave many instances of the value of land after it has been cleaned from noxious weeds, and he increased from five to ten bushels per acre to twenty-five and thirty bushels per acre. The weeds of the soil—Manitoba Free Press.

Women's Committee Active

Manitoba Ladies Are Promoting the Conservation of Wheat

Since the visit of Mr. Edward F. Telford to Western Canada, the Women's Committee, which is a subcommittee of the Manitoba Food Resources Committee, has been doing splendid service in the interest of conservation of wheat. Through its efforts and the co-operation of the Winnipeg school board, 25,000 copies of Mr. J. D. McGregor's appeal to eat nothing made of wheat that can possibly be done without, were distributed to the homes of Winnipeg. Several thousand more copies were distributed to the pledge signers and at the Telford meeting. The committee has also issued an appeal to 350 women's societies asking that they refrain from serving anything made wholly or in part from wheat at their afternoon and evening gatherings.

The letter also asked that this rule should be strictly observed in all entertainments to raise funds for patriotic or patriotic purposes. The committee has secured from a large number of women, special pledges to use as little wheat flour as possible and that they will serve nothing made wholly or in part at afternoon teas or late suppers.

The committee has mailed to every pledge signer a letter asking that one who has already signed a pledge would secure the names of five other women, and that morning the mail brought numerous responses and the committee is very hopeful just how the list of those involved in food service will be largely increased.

Prussian Method

The Hun Sergeant Had a Wonderful Imagination

During the time of Belgium a captain in a Prussian regiment got hold of a hundred fresh eggs somewhere, and wished to give his faithful soldiers a treat—there were just exactly a hundred men in his company. He happened to be told that eggs over to the top sergeant and told him to see that every man in the company had an egg for his breakfast next morning. But the company cook smashed one of the eggs, and the sergeant was told that only ninety-nine eggs to be distributed among a hundred hungry soldiers. The sergeant was puzzled. First, he knew he had to obey orders. For a while he didn't know just how to distribute those eggs. "Finally," says the narrator of the story, "he had a wonderful inspiration. He took the eggs and inspiration. It worked all right, too."

"Well, what did the sergeant do?"

"He killed one of the soldiers."—Vancouver Province.

Delivered From Bondage

Hatred and Mistrust of Austria for Her Material Ally

The incident of the Emperor Karl's letter affords further and convincing proof of what is common knowledge in Europe: the hatred and mistrust of Austria for her material ally and the longing of the Dual monarchy to shake free from the iron shackles of Berlin. Austria is not forgotten that she, too, was robbed by Prussia of her fairest province, and she is not likely to bring no compensation for her sacrifices on behalf of Germany. A German officer in the kind of bondage which is alike irksome and unprofitable, and possibly a readjustment of the northern frontiers in favor.—London Daily Express.

Melting Monuments

Germans at End of Raw Material for Munitions

Workmen arriving in Switzerland from Germany, say a despatch from Bern to the Paris Mail, assert that the Germans are having great difficulty in obtaining raw material for the manufacture of munitions. Several German newspapers daily publish ordinances commandeering material and melting monuments and household objects containing metal, even handles on doors and windows being specified.

The Need for Men

Just as on the battle field, the decisive need of this country is the great crisis of the war is—Men! Men who will not falter, men who will not cringe, men who will not let their knowledge of the war situation exceed that of those they have placed in command. Men to carry on Canada's part in the war. Men who will back up the government and the army, and who will give—gladly and generously, to win a triumphal victory for honor and liberty, men who will not endure, nor will walk at the manner of the nature of the sacrifice.—Saskatoon Star.

Dairying in the West

Alberta's creameries and 14 cheese factories.

Manitoba has 36 creameries and 22 cheese factories.

In British Columbia, while there is yet no cheese factory, there are 27 dairies, 11 of which are co-operative.

Thirty-seven Years Of Prohibition

Question Is No Longer a Matter of Discussion in Kansas

May 1 was the thirty-seventh anniversary of the adoption of prohibition in the state of Kansas and an interesting review of the history of these 37 years was printed in the New York Tribune, which caused the Kansas people to outline the prevailing opinion in its house state on this question which has of late years commanded almost universal attention. Prohibition has become so thoroughly established in the life of the state that Kansas people pay little heed to the number of years it has been in effect.

Prohibition, says The Star, is no longer a matter of discussion in Kansas. There was a time when an argument as to the merits of the law could be started almost anywhere, on the train, in the hotel lobby, in the office even the women. For many years there always was someone to take up the question on the subject of prohibition. It has passed. One could get just as far with an argument that typhoid fever was a good thing as to argue that he could with an argument that the saloon should be brought back into the state.

Every time prohibition is made an issue in some other state, the saloonists and the prohibitionists are quick to point out the difference between the two states. The prohibitionists have wrought in Kansas, but Kansas is not a state where the prohibitionists do not mention its underpinning of the "ruination" wrought by prohibition.

As a matter of fact, says The Star, there never has been a day in the history of the state of prohibition in Kansas which was not back to the saloon. The overwhelming majority of the state has been on the side of prohibition since the time the people were too patient for many years with lax methods of law enforcement and allowed the politicians to "play the game" in order to get the vote. But when the people spoke, the joints were closed.

One of the early forms of political campaign in Kansas was the movement in every campaign to re-submit the question. The joint keepers and the brewers would hold conferences to "formulate plans" and to "make a move" to make the "smooth politician" to make a campaign for them. There would be "whispering" among the initiated as to how the movement would "come on" and then—

When the candidates for the legislature made their campaign among the people they would be asked this one question: "How do you stand on re-submission?" The man who tried to sidestep the question would be defeated. It is doubtful if the re-submissionists ever mustered as many votes in any session of the legislature.

What Germany Has Lost

Flags Waved But Factory Furnaces

Germany had plenty of raw material before the war. She had the freedom of the sea. She had free trade in raw materials. She had the world. In forty years she had built up a foreign trade second only to that of Great Britain. She was not a world power. She yearned for world domination. She wanted raw material for her industry. She wanted to secure again the supremacy of the world. She wanted to bring herself into line with the civilized peoples and make the world a better place. She must defeat and destroy the British navy. While that navy holds the sea war maps and land successes are a delusion and a snare. The flag may wave in German cities, but the furnaces will be cold in German factories.—London Daily Express.

Use Carrots Freely

Carrots are an excellent food. Weight for weight they come third in nourishing value on the list of root vegetables. They are easy to digest, being first and second. As they are rich in sugar, they can be used in many ways. They can be preserved as well as with sugar. In food value they compare favorably with many other vegetables.

Three pounds of carrots equal six pounds of tomatoes, two of potatoes, one of eggs, or two of the same of cod, half a pound of bread or seven or eight eggs.

Through the carrots much of the nourishment goes into the water, therefore it is important, not to use it as stock for soup.

An Early Explorer

The first organized attempt to explore the interior of Africa was made by Mungo Park, who set sail on his first voyage to the Niger in 1793. He returned 2 years and seven months later, after having explored a considerable portion of the Africa never before visited by whites, although he failed in his main purpose of reaching the Niger. In 1804 he headed another African expedition, 8 months long, to the Niger, but he never returned. It is believed that he was murdered at Bussa, on the Niger.



DUNLOP TIRES
A Good Sign

The "Traction" or "Special" mark is on every pavement and road in every portion of Canada. Either mark is the sure sign that all is well ahead.

Your Garageman Stocks Dunlop Tires.



Controlled Heat

The oven in the Kootenay Range is surrounded by an envelope of heat which is at every moment under your instantaneous control. With the Kootenay Range the heat control is so easy and accurate you can use all the heat from your fuel without waste.

For Sale by Wm. Laut.
McClary's Kootenay Range

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver
St. John, N.B. Calgary Hamilton Edmonton Saskatoon

NOTICE

In the matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280.

TAKE NOTICE, that His Honor a Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary, will at the sittings of the Court on FRIDAY, the FOURTH DAY of OCTOBER, 1918, confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280.

W. MCRIORY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

For Sale

For Sale, One Baby Carriage and Cart, also some Cattle and team Mares. Apply D. K. Kike.

For Sale, Two Pure Bred Poland China Hens, three months old. Apply H. M. Onell. Phone 813

For Sale.—One Registered two year old Dark Red Shorthorn Bull. J. A. Sackett.

For Sale.—New soft water Tank, with tap, for Sale cheap.—For full particulars phone 205; Crossfield.

Lost.—One Brown Gelding, weighing about 1,200 lbs. Branded on right shoulder. Suitable Reward will be given for information leading to its recovery.

R. REID, Crossfield.
P.O. Box 60.

Legal Notice

APPLICATION FOR LEASE OF ROAD ALLOWANCE OR SURVEYED HIGHWAY

NOTICE is Hereby given that T. E. Bills, of Abernethy, has made application to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, for a lease of the following road allowance or surveyed highway, viz.: Between Sec. 4 and 5, Twp. 28, Rg. 2, W. of 8th.

Any protest against the granting of the above-mentioned lease must be forwarded to the Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crossfield,
T. E. BILLS, (Applicant)
August 14th, 1918.

Lost

Lost.—One Silver Grey Coyote Hound, white tip on end of tail. \$5.00 reward will be given for information leading to his recovery. Phone R902.

Have You Paid

Your Subscription

This Year?

Red Cross Notes

The Red Cross acknowledge with thanks the following donations and work.

Inverlea S. C. tea \$4 00
W. H. M. Society 6 35
Elba S. C. tea 2 70
Crossfield 7 45

Work: Inverlea, 1 dressing gown, 1 pair sock, 2 nurses aprons, 7 M.-T. bandages, 42 T. bandages, 3 head bandages, 4 suits pyjamas, 4 stretcher caps, 1 day shirt, 2 P.P. bags, 11 hdkes.

W. H. M. Society, 7 suits pyjamas, 5 day shirts, 14 P.P. bags, 10 pillow slips, 12 binders.

Elba, 5 M.-T. bandages, 2 T. bandages, 2 head bandages, 2 suits of pyjamas, 2 P.P. bags, 1 stretcher cap, 6 pairs slippers, 1 pair socks, 1 nurse's apron.

Crossfield, 13 M.-T. bandages, 1 pr slippers.

Mrs. McRory, 3 pairs socks.
A. R. Thomas, 1 pair socks.
Nicholson, 1 "
Wicks, 1 "
Halliday, 1 "
Miss Fenwick, 3 "
Mrs. Wedge, 1 suit pyjamas.
Gordon, 1 M.-T. bandage.

Sad Death of Mr. Donald McFadyen

Donald McFadyen, of Crossfield, met with a sad accident on Monday evening last, whilst attending to a young horse belonging to his son Archie, by some means he got knocked down and trampled upon by the animal. He was found in a helpless condition in the barn, he had four ribs staved in and other injuries. Dr. Whillans was called in and did what he could to relieve his sufferings. He was conveyed to the General Hospital at Calgary on Wednesday morning, he however, gradually sank and died on Thursday morning about nine o'clock. Mr. McFadyen was born in Kirkfield, Ont., and was 71 years of age, he went from Ontario to Dakota, and came to Crossfield in 1901, he had followed the occupation of a farmer all his life. He leaves a widow and two sons and two daughters to mourn their loss. The funeral service will be held in the Union Church on Saturday afternoon, the interment will be at the Crossfield cemetery.

ANNOUNCING A NEW



"Baby Grand" Touring Car

THE demand for Chevrolet performance in a larger and more powerful car is met by the Baby Grand Touring Car. Chevrolet engineers have, in this car, perfected many new features that give it a quick get-away, surplus power on hills, and reliability under all road conditions.

On account of its power, flexibility, comfort and easy clutch, this model appeals to lady drivers. The car is extremely well finished, nicely appointed and fully equipped.

EXCLUSIVE FEATURES

37 H.P. 4 cylinder valve-in-head motor, extremely powerful, smooth, flexible and efficient.

Cooling.—Water circulated by centrifugal pump through large honeycomb radiator.


Clutch.—Cone type, extremely easy to operate.

Brakes.—Positive in action and easily operated.

SEND FOR DESCRIPTION AND PRICE TO
CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA
OSHAWA, ONTARIO LIMITED

C. SMART & D. ONTKES, Agents, Crossfield.

Something New
King Ventilator



For Demonstration
SEE
Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.
CROSSFIELD.

Dr. J. A. FORD,
Veterinary Surgeon,

OFFICE:
FORD GARAGE,
CROSSFIELD, Alberta.
PHONE 18.

Estrayed.

On the premises of H. McPherson, R. W. 4, Twp. 29, Rg. 2, W. 4. One Bay gelding, 8 years old, hind foot white, left front foot white, white snip on nose. Branded on left hip.

GEORGE MELKID,
Grand Reader.

Lost.—A Fox Terrier Bitch, one brown ear, one brown spot behind. Anyone finding same please notify G. Miller, Phone 904 Carstairs, or leave it at Wicks Livery Barn.

STRAYED.—From the premises of J. Evenson, section 1; one Black Gelding, four years old, white hind feet, star in forehead. Branded T E on the right hip and as cut on right shoulder. Bay Driving Mare, branded NW on shoulder. Dark Brown Mare three years old, white face. Black Gelding, three years old, white face. Black Gelding, two years old, star in forehead. All branded L E on right hip.

Five Dollars per head for any information leading to their discovery.

NOTICE

All Births, Marriages and Deaths must be registered according to law, otherwise offenders will be liable to a penalty.

By order,
CHAS. HULTGREN,
Registrar.

LOST

Lost.—About a week ago from Crossfield Two Coyote Hounds, one fawn and one black, marked on the ear.

A. McFadyen, Crossfield.

Wanted Cattle to Herd

Wanted, a bunch of Cattle to herd in the foothills for the summer.

Apply to C. L. Plumb, Sampsonston, Alberta.

CROSSFIELD LODGE I. O. O. F.

No. 2

Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oddfellows Hall at 8 p.m.

Visiting Brothers Welcome.

R. W. McFARLANE, N. G.
S. WILLIS, Rec. Secy.
A. JESSIMAN, Fin. Sec.

Crossfield School District No. 753

THE REGULAR MEETINGS of the above school Board will be held at the School House at 10 a.m. on the first Saturday in the following months: January, March, May, July, September and November.

All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec. Treas. is in the Crossfield Drug Store.

A. R. Thomas, Chairman.
Merrick Thomas, Sec. Treas.

Farmers Repair Shop

Special Attention Given to
BLACKSMITHING.

PRICES RIGHT

ALEX JESSIMAN, Prop.

EASTMAN KODAKS,
FILMS,
VELOX PAPER and
POST CARDS.

Developing Tanks, Trays, etc.

For Sale by
MERRICK THOMAS, Druggist